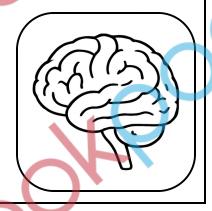
How Your Body Works Together

Your body is made up of many different parts and systems. Each system has a special job that helps keep you healthy. For example, your bones make up the skeletal system. They hold your body up and protect important organs, like how your skull keeps your brain safe.

Muscles work with your bones so you can move, run, and even stand still. The nervous system is like a map of wires that sends messages across your body. The brain is the boss of this system. It tells your body what to do, even when you don't notice it happening.

All these systems must work together as a team.

This teamwork makes sure your body can do its best every day.



Student Name:

Prosody: 1 2 3 4

Comprehension: ______ / 3 correct

Date:

How Your Body Works Together		Comprehension Questions:
Your body is made up of many different parts and	(10)	Literal Question: What does the skull protect?
systems. Each system has a special job that helps	(19)	Answer: The brain
keep you healthy. For example, your bones make up	(28)	Student Answer:
the skeletal system. They hold your body up and	(37)	
protect important organs, like how your skull	(44)	
keeps your brain safe.	(48)	CorrectIncorrect
Muscles work with your bones so you can move, run,	(58)	Inferential Question:
and even stand still. The nervous system is like a	(68)	Why is it helpful for body systems to work together?
map of wires that sends messages across your body.	(77)	Answer: It helps the body stay healthy and
The brain is the boss of this system. It tells	(87)	strong.
your body what to do, even when you don't notice	(97)	Student Answer:
it happening.	(99)	
All these systems must work together as a team.	(108)	CorrectIncorrect
This teamwork makes sure your body can do its best	(118)	Vocabulary Question: What does the word 'system' mean
every day.	(120)	in this passage?
-(), Oh		Answer: A group of parts with a special job
		Student Answer:
Scoring Guide		
Text Level: F&P GRL R Grade Level: 4 Word Count: 120	1	
Total Words Read:	X	Correct Incorrect
WCPM: (total words read — errors = WCPM)		Notes:
WCPM: Below grade level At grade level Above grade level		

How to Administer the Fluency Passage Assessment

Assess Oral Reading Fluency

- Give the student a copy of the passage. Set a timer or stopwatch for 1 minute.
- Ask the student to begin reading. As the student reads aloud, assess prosody and mark errors and self-corrections on the evaluation copy using the following guides.
- Stop the student when one minute has passed. Take note of the last word the student read.
- Score the passage on the evaluation copy according to the Scoring Guide. Use the following chart to compare grade level norms for words correctly read per minute.

Marking Conventions	
Attempted Word = Substitution Error	✓ = Accurate Word Reading
∧ = Insertion Error	Attempted Word S/C = Self Correction
— Omission Error	R = Repetition
— = Omission Error	R = Repetition
T = Intervention Error (telling student the word)	

Prosody Rubric		2	3	4	
Expression and Volume	monotone or quiet	some expression	appropriate expression	varied, natural expression	
Phrasing	word-by-word reading	some phrase groupings	generally smooth phrasing	natural, meaningful phrasing	
Smoothness	frequent pauses, starts and stops	occasional breaks	mostly smooth reading	fluent and confident	
Pace	too slow or too fast	uneven pace	generally appropriate pace	consistent, conversational pace	

Grade Level Norms (WCPM) *							
Grade	Fall	Winter	Spring	Grade	Fall	Winter	Spring
First	0 – 10	10 - 50	30 - 90	Fourth	70 - 120	80 - 130	90 - 140
Second	30 - 80	50 - 100	70 - 130	Fifth	80 - 130	90 - 140	100 - 150
Third	50 – 110	70 - 120	80 - 140	Sixth	90 - 140	100 - 150	110 - 160

^{*} Rasinski Words Correct Per Minute Target Rates

Fluency Builder: How Your Body Works Together

Passage Details

Grade Level: 4

Reading Level: F&P GRL R

Word Count: 120

High-Frequency Words

across, body, best, map, sure

Suggestions for Use

Increase Exposure to High-Frequency Words

- Before reading, introduce the list of high-frequency words in the passage.
- Find the words in the passage. Highlight or underline the words.

Illustrate and Label Extension Activity

• Have students draw and label items mentioned in the passage.

Link to Writing or Discussion

• Encourage knowledge transfer and personal connection by asking:

"Describe a time your body had to work as a team."

"Why is the brain called the boss of the body?"

Use for Repeated Readings

Day 1: Teacher reads aloud, then echo read

Day 2: Partner reading

Day 3: One-minute fluency timing and WCPM tracking

Day 4: Performance reading (with expression!)